April 22nd, 2010.

Highlights:

Growth in net sales of 5 percent.
Increase in operating profit and EBITDA of 8 percent.
Growth in net income before income taxes of 25 percent.

Increase in net income of 13 percent.
SELECTED INCOME STATEMENT DATA FOR THE QUARTER Millions of pesos except earnings per share


INTEGRAL FINANCING COST \& PROFIT SH.
NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX
INCOME TAX NET INCOME EARNINGS PER SHARE (Pesos) EBITDA

202
1,423

984
0.91

1,930

367
1,141
270
871
0.79

1,791

We had good first quarter results. Net sales grew 5 percent, mainly due to higher volume posted. Operating profit grew 8 percent and it is our eighth consecutive quarter in which we reflect a positive trend. Net income grew 13 percent due to operating profit growth as well as a lower integral financing cost.

In consumer products, our main business, net sales growth was 4 percent, despite a slower economic environment at the end of the quarter derived from the Easter period; we achieved volume growth of 1 percent and better price and mix of 3 percent. We had volume growth in almost all of our consumer products, particularly in wet wipes, incontinence products and kitchen towels. Professional products posted a 12 percent net sales increase and our export business also posted higher net sales when compared to last year.

The trend of higher costs of raw materials and services continued and accelerated during the quarter, particularly in pulp, recycled fibers and energy. However, these cost increases were in part compensated by a lower exchange rate as well as our internal cost containment and reduction programs. In total, this resulted in higher operating profit growth when compared to our growth in net sales

In income before income taxes we posted very strong growth because of our operating profit increase as well as not having to absorb a repeat of monetary losses due to the depreciation of the peso in 2008 and 2009. Net income grew 13 percent due to a higher income tax rate of 200 basis points and the fact that in first quarter of 2009 we had some oneoff fiscal incentives.

We generated $\$ 1,930$ million pesos of EBITDA during the quarter, 8 percent higher than last year. In the last twelve months we made investments of $\$ 2,174$ million pesos ( $\$ 999$ in capital expenditures (CAPEX), $\$ 1,175$ in the re-purchase of stock), and we paid a dividend to our shareholders of $\$ 3,199$ million pesos.

As of March 31, 2010 the company had $\$ 7,450$ million pesos in cash. Under US GAAP, quarterly results were as follows: net sales were 18 percent higher; operating profit was up 20 percent; and net income increased by 30 percent.

As of March 31st 2009, and as reported in the financial statements, the company has one derivative financial instrument as a hedge to reduce the risk of the effects of its exposure to interest rates. Regardless of the market price of this instrument, its effect on the financial statements is not expected to be material.

| Share Buyback Program |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2010 | 2009 |
|  | Repurchased shares during the quarter | 4,084,200 | 3,962,600 |
| Consolidated Balance Sheets Millions of pesos |  |  |  |
|  |  | March 31st, |  |
|  |  | 2010 | 2009 |
| Assets |  |  |  |
|  | Cash | \$7,450 | \$7,096 |
|  | Accounts and documents receivable | 4,677 | 4,619 |
|  | Inventories | 1,941 | 2,074 |
|  | Long term Derivatives | 202 | 432 |
|  | Property, plant and equipment | 14,238 | 14,435 |
|  | Total assets | \$28,508 | \$28,656 |
| Liabilities and consolidated stockholder's equity |  |  |  |
|  | Bank loans | \$3,508 | \$3,642 |
|  | Accounts payable | 2,808 | 2,516 |
|  | Employee's benefits | 946 | 698 |
|  | Dividends payable | 3,468 | 3,212 |
|  | Accumulated liabilities | 1,688 | 1,567 |
|  | Taxes to be paid | 948 | 336 |
|  | Derivatives | - | 184 |
|  | Long term loans | 7,304 | 8,122 |
|  | Long term derivatives | 50 | 39 |


|  | Deferred taxes | 1,644 | 1,872 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Long term employee's benefits | 19 | 99 |
|  | Other liabilities | 243 | 228 |
|  | Consolidated stockholder's equity | 5,882 | 6,141 |
|  | Total | \$28,508 | \$28,656 |
| Cash Flows Millions of pesos |  |  |  |
|  |  | Quart Marc |  |
|  |  | 2010 | 2009 |
|  | Income before income taxes | \$1,423 | \$1,141 |
|  | Depreciation | 305 | 283 |
|  | Provisions | 139 | 114 |
|  | Others | 63 | 253 |
|  | Cash used in the operation | (374) | (575) |
|  | Net cash provided by operating activities | 1,556 | 1,216 |
|  | Capital expenditures | (182) | (246) |
|  | Debt issuance | - | 3,493 |
|  | Repurchase of stock | (251) | (184) |
|  | Dividends paid | (10) | (16) |
|  | Financing and interest - net | (120) | (194) |
|  | Cash generated | 993 | 4,069 |
|  | Currency effects in cash position | (3) | 9 |
|  | Cash at the beginning of the year | 6,460 | 3,018 |
|  | Cash at the end of the year | 7,450 | 7,096 |

Kimberly Clark de Mexico is engaged in the manufacture and commercialization of disposable products for daily use by consumers within and away-from-home, such as: diapers and child care products, feminine pads, incontinence care products, bath tissue, napkins, facial tissue, hand and kitchen towels, wet wipes and health care products. Some of the main

